SEMESTER AT SEA COURSE SYLLABUS

Voyage: Fall 2013
Discipline: Anthropology
ANTH 2280: Medical Anthropology
Division: Lower
B Days, 1250-1405
Faculty Name: Wenda Trevathan

Pre-requisites:
Introductory anthropology or sociology course.

COURSE DESCRIPTION
Medical Anthropology provides an overview of evolutionary, epidemiological, and cross-cultural perspectives on disease, curing, and health care systems. We will discuss such concepts as who gets sick, what causes illness, how cultures vary in what they consider to be illnesses, who are the healers, and how health varies throughout the lifespan. We will also look at alternative medical systems practiced in the United States, noting that several of these are primary medical systems in other parts of the world. Readings and projects will focus on cultures that we will encounter on the voyage. Field trips to health care facilities and meetings with traditional healers will be included in the in-port assignments. Students will also be required to investigate the major causes of illness and death for each country visited and to watch for public health messages or other indicators of concern about health and wellness.

COURSE OBJECTIVES
1. Understand general principles of medical anthropology and ways in which the anthropological approach to health differs from other approaches.
2. Understand health challenges in each of the countries that we visit and traditional ways of dealing with them.
3. Consider that in some ways our evolved bodies (especially dietary needs) and our 21st century lives are “mismatched,” resulting in numerous health challenges today.
4. Review the great variability in the definition of health and understand that the view from Western Medicine doesn’t necessarily represent the views of the rest of the world.
5. Know the global health issues that we face today and consider ways of approaching them.

REQUIRED TEXTBOOKS

AUTHOR: Wiley, A. S. and J. S. Allen
TITLE: Medical Anthropology: A Biocultural Approach, Second Edition
PUBLISHER: Oxford University Press
ISBN #: 978-0-19-979708-0
DATE/EDITION: 2013

AUTHOR: Kidder, Tracy
TITLE: Mountains Beyond Mountains
PUBLISHER: Random House Trade Paperbacks
TOPICAL OUTLINE OF COURSE (note that the chapters assigned are not necessarily in consecutive order)

B1- August 27: Introduction to the course and to medical anthropology
   ➢ W&A Chapter
      Overview of health in Russia and the USSR

August 29-September 1: St. Petersburg

B2- September 2: Anthropological Perspectives on Health and Disease
   ➢ W&A Chapter 2

B3- September 4: QUIZ #1 (W&A 1, 2)
   Evolutionary medicine
      Overview of health in Germany

September 5-8: Hamburg

B4- September 10: Diet and Health
   ➢ W&A Chapter 4
   ➢ Overview of health in Western Europe

September 12-16: Antwerp/Le Havre

B5- September 17: Diet and health continued; Growth and Development
   ➢ W&A Ch 5

B6- September 19: QUIZ #2 (W&A 4, 5, 6)
   Gender and health; reproductive health
   ➢ W&A Ch 6
   ➢ Caring for infibulated women giving birth in Norway. (Lavenda and Schultz, pp. 393-394)
      Overview of health in the Ireland and the United Kingdom

September 20-23: Dublin

B7- September 25: Birth and breastfeeding; aging
   ➢ W&A Ch 7
      Overview of health in the Iberian Peninsula, Morocco and North Africa

September 27-28: Lisbon
September 30-October 1: Cadiz

October 3-6: Casablanca
B8- October 7:  
Healing and Healers  
- W&A Ch 3  

B9- October 9:  QUIZ # 3 (W&A 7, 3; 3 articles)  
Paleopathology; disease evolution  
Catch up and review for exam

B10- October 12  
ESSAY EXAM #1 (covers Chapters 1-7; lectures 1-9)

B11- October 14:  Film: *Healers of Ghana*  
*Overview of health in Ghana and West Africa*  

October 15-18: Takoradi/Tema

B12- October 21:  Health and Social Justice  
- W&A Ch 10  

B13- October 24:  QUIZ #4 (W&A 8, 10; 4 readings, film)  
“Race” and health; ethnicity and health  
*Overview of health in South Africa*  

October 26-30: Cape Town

B14- November 1:  Infectious disease  
- W&A Ch 8

B15- November 3:  Globalization, poverty and infectious disease  
- W&A Ch 9

B16- November 6:  QUIZ #5 (W&A 8, 9)  
Epidemiological transitions and collisions
B17- November 9: Mental health and Illness
➢ W&A Ch 11

B18- November 11: Poverty and health
Overview of health in Argentina

November 12-16: Buenos Aires

B19- November 18: QUIZ #6 (W&A 11, 1 reading)
Presentations of student research projects
Overview of health in Brazil

November 20-22: Rio de Janeiro

B20- November 24: Presentations of student research projects

B21- November 26: Presentations of student research projects
➢ W&A epilogue

B22- November 29: Presentations of student research projects

December 2-5: Manaus

B23-December 7: Global Health; discuss Kidder
QUIZ #7 (student reports)
Overview of tropical health challenges
➢ Kidder first half
Field research project due (written portion)

B24- December 9: World health in the 21st century
➢ Kidder second half

December 13: B Day Finals: Essay Exam #2

Example questions to be considered in the course:
1. How do cultural ideas about disease causation influence healing practices?
2. Are the boundaries between Western biomedicine and traditional medical systems always clearly demarcated?
3. What does it mean to say that our bodies are mismatched with our contemporary lives? What are the health consequences of that mismatch?
4. Why is birthweight such a critical measure of health? What factors influence it?
5. How do infants who are breastfed compare with those who are bottlefed?
6. How do cultural factors influence the health of males and females?
7. Is overpopulation an issue today?
8. What is the anthropological debate about female genital cutting?
9. Discuss worldwide variation in the treatment of the aged.
10. Provide examples of cultural variation in the definition of good health.
11. What are some of the major infectious diseases that affect people in the world today? What is being done to control, cure, and prevent these diseases?
12. What are “emerging infectious diseases”? Where are they emerging from and why?
13. What is the relationship between development and disease?
14. What was the relationship between European expansion/colonialism and disease?
15. What is the relationship between social inequalities and disease?
16. Discuss the worldwide impact and response of HIV/AIDS.
17. Can we eliminate infectious diseases without eliminating poverty?
18. What is “race” and how does it relate to health in the US and South Africa?

FIELD COMPONENT

A portion of your grade will come from field trips and activities in each port that we visit.

1. **Fieldwork Assignment.** Each student will select a topic related to health and make observations on the subject in each of the countries we visit. You may conduct your research through observations, interviews with local people, and information gained during field trips, including FDPs. Your observations should be recorded in journal form that will then be consolidated into a final paper. In your final written report, you should include information obtained from books, journals, and reputable websites (e.g., epidemiological data). You should also be prepared to present a summary of your findings to the class in a 5-minute report toward the end of the semester (to be scheduled). Example topics include smoking, alcohol consumption, HIV/AIDS prevention efforts, women’s health, men’s health, children’s health, infant health, prenatal care, childbirth, breastfeeding promotion, immunization efforts, diabetes, medical specialists, clinics, domestic violence/violence against women, pregnancy prevention in teens, unsafe sexual behavior, wealth disparities and health, traditional medicine, herbal medicines, mental health, health of the elderly, exercise, pharmacies or other sources of medicines, infectious disease prevention, definitions of good health, occupational hazards to health, disabilities, hunger and malnutrition, healers, obesity, environmental toxins and pollutants, concerns about fertility and childbearing, STDs, cancer, tuberculosis, malaria, asthma and allergies, use and overuse of antibiotics, dental health. For example, if a student selects smoking, he or she will look for evidence of smoking in each country, considering the price of cigarettes, gender ratio of smokers, prohibitions against smoking, and advertising. Additional information should come from written information about smoking rates, etc. For some topics, it may be possible to do this as a joint project with another student. Value of written and oral report: 100 points (25%); **Due B-22.**

2. **Class Field Lab Assignment:** (Attendance and participation in the Field Lab is MANDATORY.) Value: 80 points (18%); Written discussion, due B-24.
Visit to a floating clinic on the Amazon or a clinic in a Favela in Manaus. TBD
METHODS OF EVALUATION / GRADING RUBRIC

GRADES. You will have the opportunity to earn up to 450 points during the semester, based on the following class assignments. Final grades will be determined by the number of points earned:

- 405-450 A
- 360-404 B
- 315-359 C
- 270-314 D
- <270 F

A. 60 points from six quizzes over the assigned chapters in the textbooks and lectures. Each quiz will cover the assigned material and lectures since the previous quiz and will include multiple choice and true-false questions, each worth 1 point.

B. 140 points from two exams. These exams will be short answer and short essay. They will cover material from lectures, discussions, student presentations, and readings. They are not cumulative. Study guides will be given 2 classes before each exam.

C. 100 points from a short written (7-8 pages) and oral presentation (5-7 minutes) of “research results” as described in #1 above and based primarily on in-port observations and fieldwork.

D. 50 points from contributions to class discussions following each port and a brief (3 minute) oral presentation on health in one of the countries we visit or a selected disease (e.g., schistosomiasis, dengue, yellow fever, or leishmaniasis) that is common in one or more of the countries we visit.

E. 80 points from the assigned class field lab.

E. 20 points for reflection questions from Kidder

****ATTENDANCE is mandatory unless you have an excused illness. I will keep attendance and each unexcused absence beyond one will cost you 10 points.****

RESERVE LIBRARY LIST


AUTHOR: Brown, Peter and Ron Barrett
TITLE: Understanding and Applying Medical Anthropology
PUBLISHER: McGraw Hill
ISBN #: 978-0073405384
DATE/EDITION: 2009

AUTHOR: Farmer, Paul
TITLE: Pathologies of Power
PUBLISHER: California
ISBN #: 978-0520243262
DATE/EDITION: 2004
<table>
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<tr>
<th>AUTHOR</th>
<th>Scientific American</th>
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<tr>
<td>TITLE:</td>
<td>Infectious Disease</td>
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<tr>
<td>PUBLISHER:</td>
<td>U. Chicago</td>
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<tr>
<td>ISBN #:</td>
<td>978-0226742649</td>
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| AUTHOR:         | Wortheim, Horby and Woodall                                                    |
| TITLE:         | Atlas of Human Infectious Diseases                                              |
| PUBLISHER:     | Wiley-Blackwell                                                                   |
| ISBN #:        | 978-1405184403                                                                   |
| DATE/EDITION   | 2012                                                                               |

**HONOR CODE**
Semester at Sea students enroll in an academic program administered by the University of Virginia, and thus bind themselves to the University’s honor code. The code prohibits all acts of lying, cheating, and stealing. Please consult the Voyager’s Handbook for further explanation of what constitutes an honor offense.

Each written assignment for this course must be pledged by the student as follows: “On my honor as a student, I pledge that I have neither given nor received aid on this assignment.” The pledge must be signed, or, in the case of an electronic file, signed “[signed].”
Medical Anthropology: A Biocultural Approach. Third Edition, offers an accessible and contemporary overview of this rapidly expanding field. For each health issue examined in the text, the authors first present basic biological information and then expand their analysis to include evolutionary, historical, and cross-cultural perspectives on how these issues emerged and are understood. Medical Anthropology considers how a biocultural approach can be applied to more effective prevention and treatment efforts and underscores medical anthropology’s potential to improve health around the world.

Click This Link To Download: https://dealsebooknew.blogspot.com/?book=0190464496. Downloading a book PDF is available at our online library. Medical Anthropology, the study of health-related issues from an anthropological perspective. It draws on social, cultural, biological, and linguistic anthropology to better understand those factors that influence health and well-being, the experience and distribution of illness, the prevention and treatment of sickness, healing processes, the social relations of therapy management, and the cultural importance and utilization of pluralistic medical systems. Culture. Anthropological research that usually involves long-term residence in a community, speaking the local language, and participating in daily life as a member of that community. Participant-Observation. the participation in, yet detached observance of, a group's behavior that is the hallmark of ethnographic fieldwork.